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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
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	7590 11/29/200 TRAURIG, LLP	EXAMINER		
1750 TYSONS	BOULEVARD, 12TH	GORT, ELAINE L		
MCLEAN, VA 22102		ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER	
			3627	
			NOTIFICATION DATE	DELIVERY MODE
			11/29/2007	ELECTRONIC

# Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

Notice of the Office communication was sent electronically on above-indicated "Notification Date" to the following e-mail address(es):

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	Application No.	Applicant(s)			
Office Action Summary	09/769,294	JOHNSON, RONALD FREDRIK MICHAEL			
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit			
	Elaine Gort	3627			
The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address Period for Reply					
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING DATE - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.13 after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.  If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period was reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	ATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION 66(a). In no event, however, may a reply be time till apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from cause the application to become ABANDONE	N. nely filed the mailing date of this communication. D (35 U.S.C. § 133).			
Status					
1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on <u>06 Section</u>	eptember 2007.				
2a) This action is <b>FINAL</b> . 2b) ⊠ This	This action is <b>FINAL</b> . 2b)⊠ This action is non-final.				
3) Since this application is in condition for allowar	Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is				
closed in accordance with the practice under Ex parte Quayle, 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.					
Disposition of Claims					
4)	vn from consideration.				
Application Papers					
9) The specification is objected to by the Examine 10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) access applicant may not request that any objection to the confidence of the c	epted or b) objected to by the Edrawing(s) be held in abeyance. See on is required if the drawing(s) is obj	e 37 CFR 1.85(a). jected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).			
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119					
<ul> <li>12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).</li> <li>a) All b) Some * c) None of:</li> <li>1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.</li> <li>2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No</li> <li>3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).</li> <li>* See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.</li> </ul>					
Attachment(s)  1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) 2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) 3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08)	4) ☐ Interview Summary Paper No(s)/Mail Da 5) ☐ Notice of Informal P	ate			
Paper No(s)/Mail Date	6) Other:				

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#### **DETAILED ACTION**

### Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 1. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
  - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 2. Claims 1- 3, 5, 7-16, 18, 20, 22 and 23 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Peachey-Kountz et al. (US Patent 6,463,345) in view of Salvo et al. (US Patent 6,341,271) and Examiner's Official Notice.

Peachey-Kountz et al. discloses the claimed method of real-time inventory item status and information dissemination (column 3 lines 41-56 discloses a method for providing real-time inventory availability information), comprising the steps of:

recording in an inventory database a quantity on-hand (such as the databases used to store data shown in figure 2 in the ATP system 80 and discussed in column 7 lines 25-40) which includes inventory data for a plurality of inventory items the inventory database being stored in an electronic data storage element in a server (such as the online server disclosed in column 6 line 59);

recording in the inventory database a first order for a first inventory item (orders are stored in a database of the ATP System 80 column 7 lines 8-11) and the corresponding order properties, the corresponding order properties comprising a first quantity ordered (such as "firm orders" disclosed in column 7 line 33), a date ordered

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(column 5 lines 33 and 34), and at least one of an anticipated delivery time and an anticipated delivery date (column 3 lines 41-44), the first order representing an order placed with a supplier, the first inventory item being one of the plurality of inventory items;

recording in the inventory database a second quantity of the first inventory item received from the supplier by at least incrementing the on-hand inventory item quantity corresponding to the first inventory item, wherein the on-hand inventory item quantity is incremented in an amount equal to the second quantity (figure 2 shows how inventory is incremented. Column 6 lines 29-40 discuss how the available inventory is incremented, such as providing a priority customer with 40 pieces of available stock.);

storing in the inventory database information associated with at least one purchase request for a third quantity of the first inventory item, comprising placing a quantity of inventory items on reserve by incrementing in the inventory database an on reserve inventory item quantity by an amount corresponding to the third quantity for the first inventory item (figure 2 shows how inventory items are reserved by incrementing the inventory database. Column 6 lines 29-40 discuss how available or future inventory is reserved for a customer, such as reserving 40 pieces in period 3, for example.);

receiving from a user, via a client at least one request for information about the first inventory item (Users submit orders via the "order-entry system" client that interfaces with the ATP server online, column 6 lines 63+);

calculating, via one of the server or the client, an inventory item quantity available for delivery for the first inventory item as a difference between an inventory item quantity

on-hand and an inventory item quantity on reserve for the first inventory item (column 3 lines 41-44 discloses a quantity available. Column 6 lines 29-40 discuss how available or future inventory is reserved for a customer, such as reserving 40 pieces in period 3, for example.);

displaying for the user, via the client the inventory item quantity available for delivery for the first inventory item (column 3 lines 41-44 discloses providing a customer a quantity available.);

Providing updated inventory item quantity available for delivery for the first inventory item when the inventory item quantity available for the first inventory item changes, thereby providing the client with real-time access to inventory information about the first inventory item (column 3 lines 50+ discloses a real-time processing system which provides updated inventory quantities in order to multiple users to use the system simultaneously on multiple order entry system); and,

**But is silent regarding** transmitting the inventory status update from the server to the client when the change in inventory occurs; carrying this transmission out via wireless communications means; and displaying this updated inventory item quantity.

.Salvo et al. discloses, in column 8 lines 51-60, that it is known in the art of inventory management to provide an inventory tracking and ordering system with the capability of transmitting inventory status updates (such as alerts of inventory events) from a server (control unit 114 and service center 175) to a client (such as a telephone, pager, computer over the Internet, etc...) when the change in inventory occurs (when the predetermined event occurs, such as a change in economic indicator occurs);

carrying this transmission out via wireless communications means (pagers, telephones and Internet computers are capable of wireless communications); and displaying this updated inventory item quantity (the alert would indicate the relevant information and it would be displayed on the pager or computer for example.); to notify the customer when a change in inventory status occurs, provide convenient wireless communications to the

customer, and to show the customer the new information, respectively.

It would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to provide the method for real-time inventory status of Peachey-Kountz et al. with the sending of notice to a wireless terminal and displaying the notice on the terminal's display of Salvo et al., in order to notify the customer when a change in inventory status occurs, provide convenient wireless communications to the customer, and to show the customer the new information, respectively.

In the event that Salvo et al. is found to not teach wireless communication means with a display, Examiner takes Official Notice that it is notoriously old and well known in the art of networked systems to use wireless communications in order to eliminate the need to be tied down to one location, and that it would have been obvious to modify the method of Peachey-Kountz et al. and Salvo et al., as modified above, to have wireless capability on the client computer (disclosed as "order entry system" in Peachey-Kountz et al.) in order to allow the customers to not be tied down to one position by wires.

Regarding the use of the web, web browser and custom software on the client's system, the Examiner takes Official Notice that it is old and well known in the art of networked systems to use the internet also called the World Wide Web (web), use web

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browsers and custom software to interface server applications over the Internet to allow wide communication while also controlling access to a server's applications. Therefore it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art to modify the method of Peachey-Kountz et al., Salvo et al. and Examiner's Official Notice, as modified above, to use the web, web browsers and custom software on client computers in order to have wide communication while also controlling access to the ATP server.

Regarding the use of UPC barcodes, scanning of these labels and tracking the return of items, the Examiner takes Official Notice that it is old and well known in the art of inventory tracking to use of UPC barcodes and scanners for scanning these labels to assist in the data entry of items into inventory and additionally that returned items are tracked and added back into inventory to provide an accurate assessment of what is in stock. Therefore it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art to modify the method of Peachey-Kountz et al., Salvo et al. and Examiner's Official Notice, as modified above, to use UPC barcodes and scanners for scanning these labels to assist in the data entry of items into the inventory database and to track returned items by adding them back into inventory in order to provide an accurate assessment of what is in stock.

## Response to Arguments

3. Applicant's arguments with respect to claims 1- 3, 5, 7-16, 18, 20, 22 and 23 have been considered but are moot in view of the new ground(s) of rejection.

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#### Conclusion

4. Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Elaine Gort whose telephone number is 571/272-6781. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday and Thursday.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Ryan Zeender can be reached on 571/272-6790. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free). If you would like assistance from a USPTO Customer Service Representative or access to the automated information system, call 800-786-9199 (IN USA OR CANADA) or 571-272-1000.

/Elaine Gort/
Primary Examiner, Art Unit 3627

Elaine Gort Primary Examiner Art Unit 3627

November 25, 2007